## An Asymmetric Synthesis of (+)-Isonitramine by 'Triple Allylic Strain-Controlled' Intramolecular $S_N 2$ ' Alkylation

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Abstract: The spirocyclic alkaloid (+)-isonitramine (1) has been synthesized in a stereoselective manner utilizing a novel 'triple allylic strain-controlled' intramolecular lactam enolate  $S_N2$ ' alkylation.

(+)-Isonitramine (1), a spirocyclic alkaloid produced by plants of the genus Nitraria, has received considerable synthetic attention because of its unusual 2-azaspiro[5.5]undecane skeleton and the potential for biological activity of this class of  $\gamma$ -aminoalcohols. We recently reported a highly stereoselective synthesis of ( $\pm$ )-isonitramine by an intramolecular  $S_N2'$  cyclization. Described herein is an asymmetric synthesis of (+)-isonitramine (1) using a novel 'triple allylic strain-controlled' intramolecular lactam enolate  $S_N2'$  alkylation which is summarized in the scheme below.

**Reagents**: i) LDA, THF, -78 °C, 30 min, then, rt, 1 h (94%); ii) PPTS, EtOH, 55 °C, 24 h (88%); iii)  $CCl_4$ , n-Bu<sub>3</sub>P, rt, 2 h (98%); iv) KHMDS, toluene, 70 °C, 4 h (70% total yield); v)  $OsO_4(0.1 \text{ eq})$ ,  $NaIO_4$ , acetone:  $H_2O$  (4:1), rt, 15 h (95%); vi)  $(CF_3CO)_2O$ , 70%  $H_2O_2$ , methylene chloride,  $Na_2HPO_4$ , rt, 15 h (79%); vii) LAH, ether, -30 °C to rt, 1 h (94%); viii)  $Pd(OH)_2$  on carbon, MeOH, rt, 2 h (87%).

Treatment of the (S)-N-1'-phenethyl valerolactam  $2^6$  with LDA followed by alkylating agent 3 in THF gave the corresponding alkylated  $\delta$ -lactam 4 as a mixture of diastereoisomers in 94% yield. Removal of THP protecting group with PPTS<sup>7</sup> and subsequent chlorination of the resulting allylic alcohol by the protocol described by Hooz<sup>8</sup> gave a 1:1 mixture of the key cyclization substrate 5 in 86% yield for the two steps. Slow addition of allylic chloride 5 to a refluxing THF solution of KHMDS furnished the desired spirocyclic lactam  $7_a$ 

as the major isomer, along with 7, in a 3.2:1 ratio in 67% total yield. In subsequent experiments, the ratio of 1,4-induction was increased to 6.2: 1 by using toluene as solvent under comparable conditions. The observed high stereoselectivity can best be rationalized by considering that the reaction proceeds via 'triple allylic straincontrolled' transition state geometry 6 where the 'H-eclipsed' allylic chloride moiety reacts from the less hindered face of the preferred 'doubly H-eclipsed' conformation of the lactam enolate. 10

When the spirolactam 7, was subjected to Lemieux-Johnson oxidation followed by Baeyer-Villiger reaction, ester 8 was obtained as white crystals in 73% overall yield for the two steps. 41) X-ray crystallographic analysis established the relative configuration of 8 (Figure 1).11 LAH reduction of the lactam ester 8 followed by hydrogenolysis of the resulting aminoalcohol 9 with Pearlman's catalyst afforded the desired (+)isonitramine (1) ( $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +4.4^{\circ}$ , c = 0.67, CHCl<sub>3</sub> ( $[a]_{D}^{20} = +5^{\circ}$ , c = 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)) in 87% overall yield, after purification by column chromatography on basic alumina. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data of the synthetic (+)isonitramine (1) were in good agreement with those kindly provided by Professor Husson.<sup>12</sup> The minor isomer  $7_{\rm b}$  was also converted into (-)-isonitramine (1') (([ $\alpha$ ]<sup>26</sup><sub>D</sub> = -4.5°, c = 0.24, CHCl<sub>3</sub> (lit.<sup>41)</sup> [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -5°, c = 2.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)) by a reaction sequence analogous to (1).

In summary, we have synthesized (+)-isonitramine (1) by a novel 'triple allylic strain-controlled' intramolecular lactam enolate S<sub>N</sub>2' alkylation route with a high degree of 1,4-induction.

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## References and Notes:

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- Lactam 2 was prepared from commercially available (S)-(-)-α-methylbenzylamine and δ-valerolactone in three steps in 52% overall yield[xylene, reflux; TsCl; KOH, DMSO].
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- 9. All new compounds exhibited satisfactory spectroscopic data. The ratio of stereoisomers was determined by rigorous analysis of 600 MHz <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra. Compound 7<sub>a</sub>: IR (neat) v 1624 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>1</sub>, 400 MHz) δ 1.38 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.27 - 1.91 (m, 12H), 2.66 - 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.84 - 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.91 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.80 (s, 1H), 6.06 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.26 (m, 5H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz) δ 15.1, 20.1, 20.9, 24.1, 24.6, 26.1, 26.5, 35.9, 41.6, 45.9, 48.0, 49.9, 112.5, 126.9, 127.0, 128.3, 141.2, 148.1, 175.2; **HRMS** calcd for  $C_{21}H_{29}NO$  (M\*) 311.2249, found 311.2249;  $[\alpha]^{18}_{p} = 184.5^{\circ}$  (c = 1.52, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).
- 10. For a recent review, see Hoffmann, R. W. Chem. Rev. 1989, 89, 1841.
- 11. Details of X-ray crystallographic study will be reported elsewhere.
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